Morning Oregonian.

VOL. II PORTLAND, OREGON, THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 6, 1862 NO. 2[illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK,

[illegible]

E. D. SHATTUCK,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW

Office in Starr's Building,

[illegible]

WM. H. WATKINS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office on Front Street, between Washington and Alder,

july 2[illegible]

BUCHTEL & CARDWELL'S

PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY

FIRST STREET, IN SHELBY'S BUILDING

DOUGLASS W. WILLIAMS,

Real Estate Agent

HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE [illegible] ROBBINS CHITTENDEN & CO. [illegible] end to

PURCHASING and SELLING REAL ESTATE,
RENTING HOUSES,
COLLECTING RENTS AND DEBTS,
MAKING LOANS AND MORTGAGES and
SEARCHING THE RECORDS FOR TITLES OF LAND, &c.

Has also C[illegible] California and W[illegible] Territory.

Sept. 10, 1861 dtf

HENRY LAW,

Commission Merchant

AND PRODUCE DEALER,

Next door to M[illegible] Arrington House

Front street, Portland

FLOUR, FEED AND PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS CONSTANTLY on hand and for sale.

Also, a complete assortment of EASTERN and OREGON WAGON TIMBER for sale.

☞ Consignments of Produce solicited. [illegible]dtf

GEO. W. CHAPIN & CO.,

Lower side of Plaza, near Clay street,

SAN FRANCISCO

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE AND GENERAL AGENCY,

Furnish all kinds of help for Families, Hotels, Farmers, Mining Companies, Mills, Factories, Ships, &c. &c.

Also have a REAL ESTATE AGENCY, and attend to all business in that line. oct14daw1y

JAGGER & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, LIQUORS AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

LEWISTON, W. T.

Sept. 9, 1861 dtf

DR. J. C. GLENN,

DENTIST,

CAN NOW BE FOUND AT HIS OFFICE IN Portland, fully prepared [illegible] ment of superior Dental M[illegible] York, to perform all the [illegible] be called on to perform [illegible]

Jan. 9, 1862 ltf

Cowlitz Market,

FIRST STREET,

Next Door to R[illegible] Portland, Oregon

CATLIN & FOWLER, Proprietors

THE [illegible] choicest quality of

Beef, Pork, Mutton and Veal,

and every variety of

VEGETABLES.

☞ Cash paid for Butter, Lard, Eggs, Chickens, Turkeys, &c.

By strict attention to business and fair dealing, we hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public [illegible]

nov19tf SETH CATLIN, Jr.
JESSE FOWLER.

Removal.

CITY MARKET!

First st., between Morrison and Yamhill,

J. & I. BERGMANN, PROPRIETORS,

HAS REMOVED TO THE NEW AND handsome building [illegible] where he will [illegible] BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, VEAL, SALT MEATS, &

☞ *GIVE HIM A CALL*

Portland, June 15, 1861 dtf

DUFUR'S

Premium Cheese

IS ONLY FOR SALE IN THIS CITY BY

R. PITTOCK & CO.,

Corner First and Morrison streets, and Front street, opp. Lower Steamship Landing.

The cheese which received the premium at the late State Fair is now for sale as above.

Portland, Oct. 9, 1861 dtf

GO TO BUCHTEL & CARDWELL

For a Picture

WHILE THE WEATHER IS FINE

MILLER & KUHN

PRACTICAL WATCH-MAKERS,

and Jewelers,

Corner of First and Alder Streets,

M[illegible]

Gold and Silver Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware and Clocks of all styles.

[illegible]

Repaired with the Utmost Care

Solid Jewelry [illegible]

Engraving Executed [illegible]

[illegible]

HARKER BROS.,

Agents for

MESSRS. KIEL & CO.'S

Buckskin Gloves,

MITTENS AND GAUNTLETS,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER TO THE MER[illegible]

[illegible]

WATER-PROOF,

[illegible]

TAKEN A PREMIUM

[illegible]

PERSONS GOING TO THE MINES [illegible] with these PREMIUM GLOVES [illegible]

Encourage our Oregon Manufacture

Ja[illegible] HARKER BROTHERS

To Merchants and Shippers.

PORTAGE AT OREGON CITY.

THE MERCHANTS AND SHIPPERS of the Willamette Valley are notified that

BARSTOW & FRAZER

are now prepared with plenty of teams [illegible] to pass freight over the Portage between Oregon City and Canemah as fast as could be expected.

O[illegible] of us will be at all times [illegible] to the forwarding of the freight [illegible] any unnecessary delay.

Oregon City, Oregon, Jan. [illegible] 1862

[Eugene City, Corvallis, Albany and Salem papers copy.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A FINE LINE OF NAILED KIP, CALF AND GRAIN Leather Boots [illegible]

J. HAAS & CO.,

Sign of the **Big Boot,**

F[illegible] Alder

LONG AND SHORT SINGLE AND DOUBLE SOLE

India Rubber Boots,

the best in the market [illegible]

J. HAAS & CO.
Sign of the Big Boot
Front street, corner Alder

Ladies' Gaiters, Shoes, Balmorals, Shanghaes, etc.

A NEW SUPPLY [illegible] received and for sale by

J. HAAS & CO.
Sign of the Big Boot
Front street, corner Alder

CHILDREN'S, MISSES AND BOYS SHOES GAITERS, boots [illegible]

J. HAAS & CO.
Sign of the Big Boot
Front street, corner Alder

LADIES, MISSES AND MEN'S SLIPPERS AND BUSKINS [illegible]

J. HAAS & CO.
Sign of the Big Boot
Front street, corner Alder

A LARGE STOCK OF FRENCH CALF SKINS, SOLE LEATHER, SHOEMAKERS TOOLS and FINDINGS [illegible]

J. HAAS & CO.
Sign of the Big Boot
Front street, corner Alder

61-8

For Eugene City.

STEAMER

RELIEF

W[illegible]

Friday, March 7th.

WALLEN'S DRAIN [illegible]

CHARLES BARRETT'S [illegible]

20 BBLS. PURE OREGON CIDER.

[illegible] KNAPP, BURRELL & CO

FOR NEZ PERCES MINES!

[illegible] STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S STEAMERS

JULIA,

Monday, Wednesday and Friday,

IDAHO,

For DALLES CITY.

TENINO,

WALLULA,

EVERY TUESDAY,

[illegible]

NO FREIGHT [illegible] FOR MEALS

J. C. AINSWORTH

CITY BAKERY

AND

PROVISION STORE

R. PITTOCK & CO.,

Corner of First and Morrison Sts.,

AND FRONT ST. OPP. LOWER STEAMSHIP LANDING

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MANUFACTURERS OF

BREAD,

Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda

CRACKERS,

PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c.,

STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,

FAMILY GROCERIES,

DRIED FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.

[illegible] any part of the City [illegible] filled and promptly [illegible]

☞ The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE.

EVERY MAN TO HIS TRADE!

HAVING MADE A PERMANENT ENGAGEMENT with a Practical

Pattern-Maker,

One who has served a regular apprenticeship [illegible] I will furnish all [illegible] Patterns used at my Foundry

Free of Charge or Cost.

I have the Largest Stock of Patterns [illegible] this coast.

CASTINGS furnished on shortest notice

Also, a large quantity of **BABBITT'S METAL** [illegible]

DAVID MONNASTES

"THE CENTRAL,"

Front street, corner of Alder,

J. BOTHWELL, Proprietor

THIS Saloon [illegible]

Wines, Liquors and Cigars

[illegible]

North End Steam Saw Mills.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING LEASED THE STEAM Saw Mill known as

H. M. COLLINS & CO.'S STEAM SAW MILLS

At the North end of this City, are now prepared to furnish all kinds of

FIR AND CEDAR LUMBER,

TONGUE AND GROOVED FLOORING,

CEILING,

Pickets, Laths, &c.

W[illegible] **Cargo Lumber** [illegible]

The business [illegible] conducted strictly on the CASH PRINCIPLE.

OFFICE AT THE MILL [illegible]

MASTEL [illegible] the Levee [illegible] streets

HARBAUGH & STITZEL.

Portland, May 1, 1861 ltf

Ambrotypes, &c.

D. H. HENDEE, Artist

[illegible] Building [illegible] Mitchell [illegible]

FRONT STREET, PORTLAND

WILL TAKE PICTURES ON PAPER, OILCLOTH [illegible]

[illegible] children is between [illegible] oct25dtf

HURGREN & SHINDLER

First st., Cor. Salmon,

PORTLAND

DEALERS

AND

MANUFACTURERS

OF

FURNITURE AND BEDDING.

W[illegible]

Elegant Styles of

PARLOR & BEDROOM SETS,

DINING ROOM AND

Common Household Furniture.

[illegible]

[illegible] ROSEWOOD AND MAHOGANY FRAMED

Looking-Glasses

GILT MOULDINGS, [illegible]

Upholstery Goods!

[illegible] HAIR CLOTH GIMP

Pulu, Hair, Moss, Feathers, Wool.

OAT STRAW, for beds for sale

Spanish Cedar,

Black Walnut and

St. Domingo Mahogany Lumber.

Veneers, Glue,

Iron Bedfastenings

GOODS OF ALL KINDS ON HAND packed [illegible] shipping

PULU IN BALES, from 25 to 100 lbs

Every description of

FURNITURE MADE TO ORDER.

Upholstery Done

in the most thorough manner

SPRING BEDS

of the most improved kind always on hand

oct 4tf **First street, corner of Salmon,**

THE EMPIRE RESTAURANT

AND HOTEL,

CORNER OF FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS,

THOS. S. FITZGERALD, Proprietor

THIS ESTABLISHMENT has been recently [illegible]

[illegible]

☞ The Restaurant will be open from 5 o'clock [illegible]

[illegible]

Board [illegible]
Board and Lodging [illegible]

☞ Attached to the Restaurant are a few [illegible] where ladies [illegible] have meals prepared [illegible]

"Patronize Home Industry."

KEEP THE MONEY IN THE STATE

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE CONTINUALLY MANUFACTURING [illegible] constantly on hand a superior article of

WHISKEY,

MANUFACTURED ENTIRELY FROM WHEAT [illegible] to be surpassed by any article imported into the State.

If the People of Oregon MUST AND WILL HAVE WHISKEY, let them buy

STARR'S PURE UNADULTERATED

WHITE WHISKEY.

A. M. & L. M. STARR
Corner of Stark and Front streets
Portland, Oregon

feb15[illegible]

Ship Chandlery for Sale.

PURCHASE BLOCKS, & TAR, PITCH & SMALL ANCHORS, LIME, CEMENT & CALCINED PLASTER

Between Second and Third sts., on Taylor

Opposite M. E. Church, by

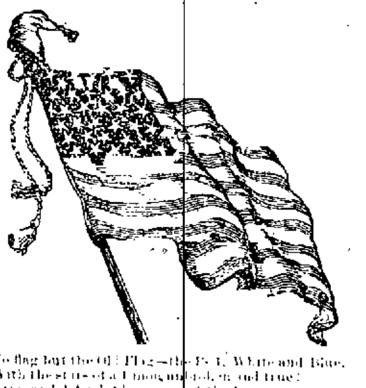
June 3, 1861 B. F. SMITH

BUCHTEL & CARDWELL'S

PICTURES ARE THE BEST IN OREGON

The Daily Oregonian.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY



No flag but the Old Flag—the Red, White and Blue,
With the stars of a Union unbroken and true!
Arise and defend it! ye sons of the brave,
Whose blood bought the banner your valor must save.

THURSDAY MORNING, MAR. 6, 1862.

(From our Extra of Yesterday.)

GLORIOUS NEWS FROM THE EAST.

From our attentive friend at Olympia, we have received the Victoria *Colonist Extra* of March 2, containing a great variety of interesting and important news. It shows new victories, none the less real for being bloodless, new advances none the less important because undisputed by the enemy. This news was brought to Victoria, by the clipper ship *Electric Spark*, Capt. Candage, in 96 sailing hours from San Francisco. Clarksville—the only remaining rebel fort on the Cumberland, between Fort Donelson and Nashville—has been taken and is now held by Gen. Smith's division of Gen. Halleck's army. Supplies enough to last our forces in that vicinity for twenty days were taken with it. Nashville itself, indefensible and full of rebel stores and ammunition, is pale with white flags, which must be soon hauled down to give place to Union flags. On rebel authority it was stated that Gen. A. S. Johnson telegraphed to Gen. Grant that Nashville should be surrendered on condition that private property should be respected, but no answer had been made to the proposition.—Meanwhile, on Wednesday last (two weeks since) 5,000 infantry and two or three batteries of artillery left St. Louis to ascend the Cumberland, and if Grant prefers to take Nashville without agreeing to any terms with traitors, he will make short work of it, for, besides the strength of his force and the demoralization of the enemy, there is no doubt the PEOPLE of Tennessee are for the Union, and will put no hindrance in the way of our armies. Though it is only a report that Gov. Harris has convened the Tennessee Legislature to repeal laws past by the confederate Legislature, it shows some evidence that secessionists are anxious to save their necks. 3,000 rebel prisoners taken at Fort Donelson ask to be given their arms and to be enrolled under the Union Flag.

Every additional fact reported concerning the four days' battle at Fort Donelson increases the evidence that our men fought with unquenchable determination to be the victors. The 11th Illinois Regiment comes out with but 140 sound men, and one company of the regiment was reduced to 16 that can answer as fit for duty at roll-call! The prisoners say that when the rebels captured Major Post of the 8th Illinois, they did a very bad day's work. The Major found an inquisitive audience among his captors, and did not scruple even to stretch the truth a bit to gratify the good fellows who were boarding him gratuitously. He told such very large stories and with so innocent an air, as of a man at confession, that when the occupants of Fort Donelson saw the troops coming they thought they were only the advance of legions still behind. And still our loss in this affair does not fall short, it is thought, of 700 killed and wounded. Where next our troops will head, after reducing Nashville, it is left us to surmise—whether by land across to the rear of Pensacola, Mobile and New Orleans, or to Memphis, where, in April of last year, the American flag was publicly buried.—There is no clear evidence yet that Columbus has been evacuated; but the impression to that effect deepens at Chicago. If it is, the gunboats can co-operate the earlier in an attack on Memphis: if not, a part at least of Halleck's army is on its flank, and their cannonading will soon summon the buried flag to its resurrection.

The British *Colonist Extra* announces a telegram from Gen. Grant to Gen. McClellan, that Gen. Price has been captured and is now a prisoner. The "Stars and Stripes" now float over Arkansas.

The *Statesman* says that Ralph Hanna is in Indiana. At any rate he is not with Sykes.

The Fourth of March, 1862.

The first year since Abraham Lincoln was inaugurated President, has passed. For years before that event men professing to be democrats in the South, just as the secessionists profess here—had been making arrangements to break up the Government and establish a Southern Confederacy [illegible] of slave States. The [illegible] in this [illegible] were [illegible] days the [illegible] of Government under Mr. Buchanan, and men claiming to be [illegible] in the South in the two Houses of Congress. If they were not [illegible] in those movements by President Buchanan, he at least presented no obstacle to their success. When Mr. Buchanan went out of office and Mr. Lincoln took his position, the Government was disarmed and paralyzed. The South was in arms against it and were ready to march in force against the capital of the nation. In the Northern free States, there were confederates of the South, who were laboring to effect the destruction of the Government by compelling its inaction and thus enabling the rebels to march in triumph over its ruins. To do this they announced that *to suspend the habeas corpus was a violation of the Constitution; to raise troops, to drive back the rebels, was the inauguration of a military despotism—to attempt to support the Government by taxes, or by force, was an outrageous proceeding that would not be countenanced or sustained by the people*. This opposition was the course of traitors in the North in the mildest form. It has been the course of traitors here. The object, at all times to break down the Government.

But the people to whom had been committed the charge of sustaining the Constitution bequeathed to us by our fathers—did not succumb to the state of things by which they had been intentionally surrounded by the rebels in and out of the Government. They went to work to sustain our glorious Union. Democrats vied with republicans in devotion to their duties. The President declared that the Union should be preserved, and Congress and the people indorsed the declaration. In one year it created armies and navies and hurled back the tide of war upon the rebels. This has not been done without great expenditure of life and treasure, but not more than this Union is worth. Hereafter it will be a proud evidence of the patriotism and the power of this Government. At this writing we have news that rejoices our hearts in the success of the Union arms in the South. The advance of the Stars and Stripes—however painful to tories here—is witnessed with exultation and joy by the downtrodden Union men wherever their folds have been flung to the breeze. We believe that another year will witness the entire crushing out of rebellion—and though our nation will painfully suffer for the evils which it has inflicted on them, and especially portions of the South—all the sacrifices we have made or shall make, will be well paid in the establishment of this Government on a foundation that will not be shaken in a century of years. Traitors will learn a lesson from the past and the present, that never will be forgotten.

We were induced to write out these remarks from noticing a paragraph in the *Advertiser* under the head of "Fourth of March, 1862." Those remarks would have graced a paper published in those portions of the Southern States where no newspaper is suffered to live that does not sustain the rebel Government. They are just the remarks we would expect to come from a paper that avows that "ITS SYMPATHIES ARE WITH THE SOUTH"—and consequently that they are against our own Government.

☞ On the reception of the gratifying news of the capture of Fort Donelson, the *Advertiser*—for the purpose of giving comfort to its secession brethren—went into an argument to show that it could not be true. We shall probably, now with the late news before us witness another effort of the same organ, for the same *laudable* purpose.

The Commissioner of the Land Office at Washington, has instructed the Register and Receivers, at Land Offices, and Surveyors General, to this effect:

"Your office, and the local offices of the Land Department, shall refuse to execute and deliver certificates and evidences of claims to disloyal persons, whether they have aided and assisted the existing rebellion, or are plotting to render it assistance in the future."

England is [illegible] her [illegible]. In [illegible] a British commander attempted to take a seaman from an American vessel. A Federal gunboat prevented it. A British Admiral subsequently arrived and apologized to the American Consul. England will now be compelled to stand up to the principle she has lately recognized.

(From our Extra of Yesterday.)

LATER FROM THE EAST!

Four Days Later.

Full Details of News.

News of Feb. 19th.

WASHINGTON, [illegible]

[illegible]

It is rumored that Stephens has declined the Vice Presidency.

[illegible] a letter [illegible] South.

A bill will be [illegible]

The recent [illegible] Mexico [illegible] despatches have [illegible] been sent to our Ministers at London, Paris and Madrid, protesting [illegible] against any such project.

The Navy Department will [illegible] proposals for [illegible] steam men of war. The Department will withhold, for the present, proposals for the construction of iron-clad steamers.

In well informed circles it is positively asserted that Gen. Fremont has completely vindicated himself from all charges brought against him of the war in Missouri. A highly important command is anticipated for him in the Far West.

The Federal troops are [illegible] along the route of Price's retreat.

Gen. Grant has been made a Major General.

At Old Point Comfort, [illegible] they have [illegible] through rebel sources that Savannah surrendered without firing a gun.

St. Louis, Feb. 19.—To-day Gen. Halleck sent a despatch from St. Louis to Gen. McClellan [illegible]: "We have captured Brigadier General Price [illegible] also Col. Dorsey, Col. Cross, and Capt. [illegible] of Price's staff."

Gen. Halleck telegraphed to Gen. McClellan that the Union flag floats in Arkansas.

It is reported here that the rebels are evacuating Columbus, Ky., and Clarksville, Tennessee.

Despatches from Fort Donelson give the following particulars of the surrender of the Fort. The Fort surrendered [illegible] on Sunday, unconditionally. We have Generals Buckner, Johnson and Bushrod, and fifteen thousand prisoners and three thousand horses. Pillow and Floyd, with their brigades, stole away at night without letting Buckner know anything about their intentions.

The rebels in the Fort denounce Floyd as a black-hearted traitor and coward.

Savannah, Georgia, has surrendered to Commodore Dupont without striking a blow.

The Confederate steamer *Nashville* left Southampton on the 4th of Feb. The Federal steamer *Tuscarora* attempted to follow, but was prevented by a British man-of-war 24 hours. The *Tuscarora* left in pursuit on the 6th.

The *Sumter* [illegible] Spain.

Gen. Burnside's fleet is at anchor off Roanoke Island. Troops have been sent on [illegible] to increase his force to 40,000. Edenton is occupied by his men, and their pickets extend six or eight miles into the interior from that point.

Fortress Monroe, Feb. 19th.—The flag of truce to-day brings no news of importance. The Burnside Expedition still occupied Edenton, and has thrown pickets from six to eight miles. No mention is made of any further advances.

St. Louis, Feb. 19th.—About 5,000 infantry, and two batteries of artillery, with a large number of mules, wagons, and an immense quantity of baggage, stores, etc., left to-day, for the Cumberland river.

The latest reliable returns from Fort Donelson state that the whole number of Federals killed to be 300; killed, wounded and missing, 700.

New York, Feb. 19th.—The gunboat at Connecticut arrived to-day from Key West. At Port Royal there were rumors that Savannah had certainly surrendered. Within a few days the Federal forces had taken possession of the Isle de Florida, in the Savannah river, and erected a battery, by which communication was cut off between Savannah and Fort Pulaski. Our troops had also captured a rebel steamer of Tattnall's fleet.

News of Feb. 20th.

New York, Feb. 20th.—The substance of Earl Russell's letter to the Lords of the Admiralty, referred to in yesterday's foreign despatches, states that all ships of war or privateers, of either belligerent, are prohibited from making use of any port or roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain, Ireland, the Channel Islands, or to any of her Majesty's colonies, foreign possessions, dependencies, or of any waters subject to the territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a place of resort for any warlike purposes, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities for warlike equipments. No ship of war or privateer of either belligerent shall be permitted to sail out of or leave any port, roadstead, or waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any vessel of either belligerent, whether the same be a ship of war, privateer or merchant ship, shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least 24 hours from the departure of such last named vessel beyond the territorial jurisdiction of her Majesty. This order was to take effect on the 6th inst.

Last advices represent that there is but little doubt but that France will follow the British example with still more stringent obligations of neutrality on the part of French [illegible] to the American belligerents.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—A despatch from Burnside's expedition has just arrived at Baltimore, with the official report of Gen. Burnside.

Gen. Burnside's fleet is at anchor off Roanoke Island. Troops have been sent on [illegible] his force to 40,000. Edenton is occupied by his men, and their pickets extend [illegible] miles into the interior in that direction.

Nothing [illegible] from Savannah [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] and [illegible] rallied with. Price [illegible] for running [illegible] and even Gov. Wise's pale [illegible]

[illegible] Mexico [illegible] slowly. The Mexicans [illegible] leave the country [illegible] they will not [illegible] power remain [illegible] be reckoned [illegible] building a [illegible] of winning [illegible] otherwise [illegible] an angel [illegible] he would [illegible] The scheme [illegible] that the [illegible] and heal [illegible] is hardly to be [illegible] he would go [illegible]

[illegible] tempted with a [illegible] points of dispute [illegible] the payment in [illegible]

[illegible] Wilkinson, of Minnesota, has introduced a new resolution, which was sent to the Judiciary Committee, for the expulsion of Senator L. W. Powell, of Kentucky.

[illegible] statement that Bishop [illegible] that emancipation [illegible] They must be [illegible] to carry up their [illegible] stone. With [illegible] have nothing to fight for [illegible] His emancipation [illegible] to intervene [illegible] Bishop Polk has [illegible] scheme for the pur[illegible]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—[illegible] from the Committee of the House on Military Affairs is preparing a bill [illegible] to exchange, all [illegible] who have taken the oath to support the Constitution of the United States, [illegible] Senators, Members of Congress, [illegible] who have been regular [illegible] either civil or military, under the so-called Southern Confederacy [illegible] the banner of the rebellion, and under [illegible] them to escape.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20th—P. M.

Fortress Monroe, Feb. [illegible] Gunboats had returned from [illegible] the fleet was anchored at Roanoke Island. [illegible] had been captured [illegible] North Carolina, a large quantity of [illegible] swords, flint-lock muskets, shot guns, pistols, etc.

[illegible] and 700 Federal prisoners are expected [illegible]

New York, Feb. 20.—The war in Venezuela continues. A frightful [illegible] is progressing in Honduras. Gen. [illegible] has been assassinated in his own house. The [illegible] had joined the insurgents and excesses were being committed in [illegible]

Advices from St. Thomas to [illegible] February state that a British commander had attempted to take a seaman from an American vessel but was prevented by a Federal gunboat. The British Admiral subsequently arrived, reprimanded the commander and apologized to the American Consul.

Ship Island, Miss., dates reach to the 7th February. Five ships of Butler's expedition had arrived, and two more were spoken off Havana on the 11th.

Four rebel schooners had arrived at Havana from New Orleans on the 14th, with cotton.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The Senate has passed the Army Appropriation Bill.

Wilkinson offered the following resolution:

That whereas, Lazarus W. Powell, after several States had severed themselves from the Union, had attended and was president of a Southern States' Rights Convention, where resolutions were passed approving of the neutrality of Kentucky and denouncing war; that he had also attended a later Convention where resolutions of the same import were adopted, and had otherwise given aid and comfort to the enemy—he should be expelled from the Senate. The resolution was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The House to-day [illegible] in Committee of the Whole on the Senate's amendments to the Treasury Note Bill. The amendment making interest payable in coin was agreed to. The amendment pledging the lands, duties and proceeds of rebel property to the redemption of the interest and principal of the debt, was rejected. The bill goes back to the Senate again.

The Post-office Appropriation Bill was taken up in Committee of the Whole.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Special despatches say that there are only 16 men out of one company of the 11th Illinois regiment, at Fort Donelson, who are not killed, wounded or missing. There are but 140 effective men left in the regiment.

Rebel officers state that the exaggerated [illegible] of our forces made by Maj. Post, of the 8th Illinois regiment, who was taken prisoner by the rebels, materially aided in preventing any further resistance on their part.

[illegible] rebel prisoners at Fort Donelson have asked to be allowed [illegible] to enlist in the Union army.

There is a report current, and uncontradicted, that Clarksville has been evacuated by the rebels, and that Gen. Grant has been directed to occupy the place.

It is further reported that Gov. Harris, of Tennessee, has convened the Legislature of the State, to repeal all laws passed by the Confederate Legislature inconsistent with the Federal Constitution.

White flags are flying at Nashville.

[illegible] Pillow and Floyd committed many acts of vandalism as they passed up the river.

It is reported that Columbus is evacuated.

Brigadier [illegible] Williams has been released from duty in the Department of North Carolina, and ordered to report to Gen. Butler.

Gen. Halleck has telegraphed to Gen. McClellan that Clarksville has been taken, with supplies enough for the army for 20 days. The place is now occupied by General Smith's Division.

Gen. Price having been reinforced by McCulloch's command, made a stand at Sugar Creek, Ark., on the 18th, but was beaten after a short engagement, and again fled. Many prisoners were taken, and a quantity of arms which [illegible] threw away in the flight.

News of Feb. 21st.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—The Illinois State Convention, now in session at Springfield, has appropriated [illegible] for the [illegible] of the suffering soldiers who [illegible] may be wounded in battles fought in defense of the Union.

A rebel telegram from Augusta, says that Gen. Johnston telegraphed to Gen. Grant that he would surrender Nashville provided private property would be respected. No answer was made.

[illegible] was executed to-day.

The N. Y. *Post* says that reinforcements have been sent to Gen. Burnside, which will increase his force to 40,000.

Gen. Butler left Boston last night via Fort Monroe, to assume the command at Ship Island.

The steamer Stephen Stone went on a reconnoissance up the [illegible] Creek some miles yesterday. A force was sent [illegible] the north and south shores of the creek, [illegible] a short distance interior, without any sign of [illegible] Just as they were leaving the south side of the creek, a brisk fire was opened on them by the rebels from [illegible] in the woods. Some 40 shells were [illegible] which fell near the Stephen Stone. [illegible] The fire was returned by the Stephen Stone, which [illegible] took effect. The rebel fire [illegible]

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

OSCAR KILBOURN,
HAVING TAKEN THE LARGE AND COMMODIOUS Building
Corner of Front and Washington sts.
for the purpose of conducting a
Auction & Commission Business
[illegible]
Solicits Consignments
[illegible]
Real Estate, Stock,
FURNITURE,
and Merchandise of all Kinds.
[illegible] SALES in the [illegible]
O. KILBOURN.

Chicago, Feb 28th—P. M.

[illegible]

D COMMISSION.

KILBOURN,

and Washington sts.

mission Business

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ate, Stock.

TURE,

se of all kinds.

The Daily Oregonian.

CITY.

The MORNING OREGONIAN has a larger SUBSCRIPTION LIST than any other Daily published in this City.

THE S[illegible] AND [illegible] FOREVER!—[illegible] Stats and S[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] when he [illegible] entire movement, sud[illegible] cut his [illegible] by dismounting him [illegible] bones however.

WE [illegible]—[illegible] dead body [illegible] Vaughn's Wharf. Several persons attempted to fish it up, but the body was in such a state of decomposition that the hooks could not hold on to it and it floated on down the river. [illegible]

SALMON TOWN.—We learn that there is quite a little town of tents, filled with miners, at the mouth of the Willamette. The inhabitants are waiting for navigation to open on the Columbia river, so that they can push on for the mines. It is called Salmon Town.

The officers of the steamer [illegible] report that they met large quantities of floating ice in Columbia river, as they came [illegible] yesterday. It is their opinion that the ice has broken loose above the mouth of the Willamette.

UNABLE TO CROSS THE BAR.—Capt. H. Hoyt, just from Astoria, reports that several vessels are lying at that place, unable to cross the bar on account of adverse winds.

See advertisement of the Oro Fino Saloon. Messrs. Lappeus & Roberts advertise good liquors for sale.

Those in need of hay will find a good supply on Washington street, between First and Second. See advertisement.

BROKE DOWN.—A dray, loaded with bacon broke down yesterday, on Front street.

Fresh oysters are to be had at the Gem Saloon.

That beautiful illustration of a secession democrat, the editor of the Corvallis *Union*, in a late paper said that France and England would interfere in the rebellion in this country, and destroy our government, and as a result Union men would be compelled to fly to Canada and Victoria, to save themselves from the fury of the Democracy. The news which we publish in this paper shows that these two nations have concluded that it is for their interest to enforce the strictest neutrality on their part in the present contest—all Union men ask or desire. Thus perish the hopes of the traitor!

We are having all sorts of weather now. Night before last it rained, and yesterday the temperature was very pleasant in the sun.

Willamettes No. 1.—Regular Monthly Meeting this (Thursday) evening, at 7 o'clock.
March 6th, 1861.
R. B. KNAPP, Sec'y.

NEW TO-DAY.

ADMINISTATOR'S SALE
OF REAL ESTATE IN THE CITY OF PORTLAND.

On Saturday, March 8, at 10 A. M.

Will be sold, **Lots No. 1 and 2 in Block No. 7** in the City of Portland, as advertised this day (March [illegible]) postponed until

Saturday, March 8th, at 10 o'clock.

S. COFFIN, Administrator.

Sale to take place on the premises.

Terms of sale—One half cash, and half [illegible] of six months, with the security required by law.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.
Portland, March 4th, 1862.

ORO FINO SALOON!
New Brick Building,
STARK STREET BETWEEN FRONT AND FIRST STS.
LAPPEUS & ROBERTS, Proprietors.

THE above Saloon is newly and splendidly fitted up, and the Bar is supplied with the best qualities of liquors to be found on the Pacific Coast. [illegible]

Oysters! Oysters!
85 SACKS of FRESH
SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS,
received by last night's boat,
and for sale by
C. A. BURCHARD,
mar6 [illegible] GEM SALOON.

HAY! HAY!
A LOT OF FINE TIMOTHY HAY [illegible]

20,000 [illegible]
[illegible] FRESH DRIED PEACHES.
[illegible]

[illegible] cheese which received the premium at the late State [illegible] is now for sale as above.
Portland, Oct. 9, 1861. dtf

Agency Notice.—Mr. L. P. FISHER is our only authorized Agent in San Francisco to receive advertisements, and transact business for the DAILY and WEEKLY OREGONIAN. Office—No. 171½ Washington street, nearly opposite Maguire's Opera House.

Coughs.—The sudden changes of our climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL, and ASTHMATIC Affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies [illegible] and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to *Brown's Bronchial Troches*, or Lozenges, let the Cold, [illegible]

The Medical and Surgical Institute [illegible] L. J. CZAPKAY [illegible]

[illegible]

M. D., San Francisco, Cal. [illegible]

HODGE & CALEF,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS,
WINDOW-GLASS,
WHITE LEAD, VARNISHES,
Brushes, Painters' Materials, &c.
—ALSO—
CAMPHINE, KEROSENE, COAL OIL
—AND—
Coal Oil Lamps.

WE HAVE NOW IN STORE LARGE INVOICES OF Goods in our line lately received from New York, to which we would direct the attention of buyers throughout the State.

Our extra facilities for purchasing enable us to supply the

Best of Goods at VERY LOW RATES.

HODGE & CALEF,
Wholesale Druggists,
Oct. 15, 1861. Front street, Portland, Oregon.

REMOVAL.
THE
City of Paris Dry-Goods Store
Has been REMOVED to
[illegible] NEW BRICK BUILDING
on the
Corner of Front and Morrison Sts.
feb2 tf JACOB MAYER.

TAYLOR'S
NEW RESTAURANT
—AND—
LODGING ROOMS.

WM. B. TAYLOR has taken the building formerly occupied by the OREGONIAN OFFICE, on the
Corner of Morrison and First streets,
and has prepared it [illegible] Lodging Rooms with new bedding [illegible] First Class Restaurant [illegible] will be found [illegible] and every pains will be taken to give satisfaction.
feb[illegible]

ESCAPED FROM JAIL.
$350 REWARD!

GEORGE ROSE, GEORGE MURRAY, JAMES [illegible] and JOHN McCLUSSON [illegible] escaped from the [illegible] County Jail on the evening of [illegible]

$200 Reward will be paid for the [illegible] of George Rose [illegible]

$50 each will be paid for George Murray, James [illegible] and John McC[illegible]

The above reward will be paid on the [illegible] of the prisoners at [illegible] jail.
A. M. STARR,
Sheriff of Multnomah Co.

Portland, March [illegible] 1862.

For San Francisco,
DIRECT!
THE STEAMSHIP
Sierra Nevada,
THOS. HUNTINGTON, Commander.
Will sail from Portland
On or about Saturday, March 8th.
For freight or passage, apply at the office of
RICHARDS & McCRAKEN.

RICHARDS & McCRAKEN,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
Flour, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Fruit,
SALT, LIME, CEMENT AND PLASTER,
[illegible]

For a Picture
WHILE THE WEATHER IS FINE!

PORTLAND
Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting
ESTABLISHMENT,
Front street,
OPPOSITE MANSFIELD'S AUCTION HOUSE.

ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY RECEIVING FROM the East—

Cooking Ranges,
Hot Water Boilers,
COPPER, TIN AND TINNISHED
Bath Tubs,
[illegible]
MARBLE-TOP WASH STANDS
COLD AND HOT AND COLD
Water-Showers,
SILVER PLATED BASIN COCKS
Marble Wash-Basins,
FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS,
Hydraulic Rams,
Non-Freezing Hydrants,
Water Closets,
&c., &c., &c.

Persons wishing to introduce [illegible] Water into their premises [illegible] would do well to give me a call.

Portland [illegible] C. H. MYERS.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Cure Cough, Cold, Hoarseness [illegible] and Bronchitis [illegible] below the [illegible] and Catarrh [illegible]

PUBLIC SPEAKERS, and SINGERS.

Few are aware of the importance of checking a Cough or Common Cold in its first stage [illegible] the Lungs. [illegible] *Brown's Bronchial Troches* [illegible]

BROWN'S	[illegible] *Troches* [illegible]
TROCHES	[illegible] N. P. WILLIS.
BROWN'S	I recommend their use to PUBLIC SPEAKERS. REV. E. H. CHAPIN.
TROCHES	Have proved extremely serviceable for HOARSENESS. REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.
BROWN'S	Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to ASTHMA. REV. A. C. EGGLESTON.
TROCHES	Contain no Opium or anything injurious. DR. A. A. HAYES, Chemist, Boston.
BROWN'S	A simple and pleasant combination for Coughs, &c. DR. G. F. BIGELOW, Boston.
TROCHES	Beneficial in BRONCHITIS. DR. J. F. W. LANE, Boston.
BROWN'S	I have proved them excellent for WHOOPING COUGH. REV. H. W. WARREN, Boston.
TROCHES	Beneficial when compelled to speak, suffering from COLD. REV. S. J. P. ANDERSON, St. Louis.
BROWN'S	EFFECTUAL in removing Hoarseness and Irritation of the Throat, so common with SPEAKERS and SINGERS. Prof. M. STACY JOHNSON, La Grange, Ga.
TROCHES	Teacher of Music, Southern Female College. Great benefit when taken before and after preaching, as they prevent Hoarseness. From their past effect, I think they will be of permanent advantage to me.
BROWN'S TROCHES	REV. E. ROWLEY, A. M., President of Athens College, Tenn.

Sold by all Druggists.
REDINGTON & CO., Wholesale Druggists, General Agents for the Pacific Coast, [illegible] Clay street, San Francisco.
[illegible]

JACOB COHEN,
Front Street,
One Door South of Alder Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
FINE WATCHES,
JEWELRY,
SOLID SILVER AND PLATED WARE,
CLOCKS,
SPECTACLES, CUTLERY, &C.

All Goods [illegible] strictly warranted to be as represented.

Watch Repairing.
Particular attention paid to the Repairing of Fine Watches, Clocks, Jewelry [illegible]
All work warranted.

Engraving of all Kinds
Executed with Neatness and Dispatch.
[illegible] JACOB COHEN.

FINE GOLD WATCHES AND
JEWELRY.

I AM NOW IN RECEIPT OF A FINE ASSORTMENT of

Gold and Silver Watches,
Jewelry,
Diamond Work,
Silver Ware,
Cutlery, &c.

Citizens of Oregon [illegible] SAVE MONEY [illegible]

Old Pioneer Jewelry Store
[illegible]
WE WARRANT ALL OUR GOODS
[illegible]

Remember! JOHN AGRELL,
[illegible]

[illegible]

LANGUAGE OF FLOWERS, Moore's Melodies, [illegible] Toilet, at
CHARLES BARRETT'S,
Opposite Pioneer Hotel.

REMOVAL.

W. WEATHERFORD,
Wholesale
AND
Retail
DRUGGIST.
Has Removed his
Extensive Stock
DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
PAINTS,
OILS, &c.,
TO HIS LARGE AND
Commodious Fire-Proof Building,
FRONT STREET,
Between Taylor and Yamhill streets,
Where he will continue
The DRUG TRADE
[illegible] Purchasing my stock from
Eastern Dealers and Manufacturers,
and having a
Resident Agent in New York,
I can offer
Superior Facilities
to the Trade.

Thankful for the liberal patronage for the past five years [illegible] a continuance of the same, assuring those who entrust their Orders with me that

NOTHING SHALL BE WANTING
TO GIVE
General Satisfaction
IN
Prices and Quality of Goods.
W. WEATHERFORD.
Portland, Dec. 10, 1861. dtf

LADD, WEBSTER & CO.'S
FAMILY
SEWING MACHINES
ARE UNEQUALED BY ANY FOR
BEAUTY AND SIMPLICITY OF CONSTRUCTION
—AND—
Efficiency in Working.

A GOOD SEWING MACHINE

SHOULD BE WELL MADE, simple in its construction and easily kept in order. It should make a firm lock stitch alike on both sides of the material, and should sew any and all materials that can be sewed.

It should be able to use cotton thread or silk [illegible] and from thick to thin with rapidity and without changing the tension. It should also be able to make [illegible] *seam* [illegible]

The [illegible] should have perpendicular motion—this is absolutely necessary for heavy work.

It should [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

It should [illegible] there are in constant [illegible] work.

It should [illegible]

It should [illegible]

[illegible] COX, WILLCUTT & CO.,

[illegible]

HURGREN & SHINDLER
[illegible]

Eyes Right!
[illegible]

BUCHTEL & CARDWELL
[illegible]

Religious Views of Benjamin Franklin.

After Tom Paine had written his "Age of Reason," he submitted the manuscript to the examination of Dr. Franklin. He returned the manuscript to Paine with the following letter. We copy it from the February number of the *Oregon Churchman*:

DEAR SIR: I have read your manuscript with some attention. By the argument it contains against a particular Providence, though you allow a general Providence, you strike at the foundation of all religion. For without the belief of a Providence, that takes cognizance of, guards and guides, and may favor particular persons, there is no motive to worship a Deity, to fear his displeasure, or to pray for his protection. I will not enter into any discussion of your principles, though you seem to desire it. At present, I shall only give you my opinion that though your reasonings are subtile, and may prevail with some readers, you will not succeed so as to change the general sentiment of mankind on that subject, and the consequence of printing this piece will be a great deal of odium drawn upon yourself, mischief to you, and no benefit to others. He that spits against the wind, spits in his own face. But were you to succeed, do you imagine any good will be done by it? You yourself may find it easy to live a virtuous life without the assistance afforded by religion. You have a clear perception of the advantages of virtue, and the disadvantages of vice, and possess strength of resolution sufficient to enable you to resist common temptations. But think how great a portion of mankind consists of weak, ignorant men and women, and of inexperienced inconsiderate youth, of both sexes, who have need of motives of religion to restrain them from vice, to support their virtue, and retain them in the practice of it till it becomes *habitual*, which is the great point for its security. And perhaps, you are indebted to her originally, that is, to your religious education, for the habits of virtue upon which you now justly value yourself. You might easily display your excellent talents of reasoning upon a less hazardous subject, and thereby obtain rank with our most distinguished authors. For among us it is not necessary, as among Hottentots, that a youth to be raised into the company of men, should prove his manhood by beating his mother. I would advise you, therefore, not to attempt unchaining the tiger, but to burn this piece before it is seen by any other person, whereby you will save yourself a great deal of mortification from the enemies it may raise against you, and perhaps a good deal of regret and repentance. If men are so wicked *with* religion, what would they be *without* it? I intended this letter itself as a proof of my friendship, and therefore add no professions; but simply subscribe, Yours,

B. FRANKLIN.

A good-for-nothing fellow left his wife in a great rage, telling her that he would never come back till he was rich enough to come in a carriage. For once he kept his word being trundled home drunk in a wheel-barrow.

At Norfolk, England, a woman was recently appointed parish clerk because in a population of six hundred souls no man could be found able to read and write.

We sleep, but the loom of life never stops; and the pattern which was weaving when the sun went down, is still weaving when the sun rises on the morrow.

A man never has the least difficulty in finding a devoted friend, except when he needs one.

ITEMS.—On account of the high price of oats, the Quarter-master has been compelled to send to San Francisco for barley, to be used as forage. At Salem, he could not obtain beans for less than 12½ cents per lb. He was able to get them at San Francisco for half that money. The *Joe Lane* Revenue Cutter is stationed in Puget Sound; Chadwick, captain; Merriman, lieutenant. — There is said to be a strong feeling in favor of the division of Washington Territory at Olympia. Redpath, the abolitionist, says that he abandons the war principle for freeing slaves, but is still in favor giving slaves their freedom. "He had hitherto conducted the movement from a sense of duty to man; he now seeks to conduct it as a duty to GOD AND MAN." Redpath is quite mysterious.

EDWARD A. MORSE & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Doors, Windows and Blinds,

WOULD INFORM THE TRADE in Oregon and Washington Territory that they have opened a new establishment for the sale of DOORS, WINDOWS and BLINDS of every description.

One of the partners residing in Boston (who has shipped the above Goods to this market since 1849), enables us to keep a thorough and extensive assortment, which we will sell at as low prices as any in this market.

Parties sending for goods by letter can rely on having the same at as low prices as if ordered in person. Orders by letter or otherwise will be promptly and faithfully filled.

We also attend to the buying and selling of other merchandise.

EDW'D A. MORSE & CO.,
11 and 13 California st., and 114 and 116 Market st.,
San Francisco;
And JOHN HALL, 177 Blackstone st., Boston.
Jan. 4, 1862-d&w3m

H. W. EDDY & CO.'S
"STANDARD MILLS FLOUR,"
—THE—
Best Article in Market,
FOR SALE, IN LOTS TO SUIT, by
HENRY LAW.

Look Here!

ANATOMICAL ATLAS and Draper's Physiology, at
CHARLES BARRETT'S,
Opposite Pioneer Hotel.

J. G. FRISCH. WM. REICHEL. THOS. TAYLOR.

J. G. FRISCH & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
Wines, Liquors, Cordials, &c.,
413 Clay street.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

SOLE AGENCY FOR
DR. HUFELAND'S
CELEBRATED
SWISS STOMACH BITTERS.
[illegible]

[illegible] HUFELAND'S SWISS BITTERS [illegible] AND [illegible] TONIC AND [illegible] Purifier [illegible] the Liver and Kidneys [illegible] a [illegible] drink. [illegible]

Commission and Purchasing
AGENT,
SAN FRANCISCO,

ORDERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF MERCHANDISE and articles of every description are solicited by the undersigned.

A residence in this city of over ten years, and an experience in the business of nearly the same length of time, are considered sufficient to warrant the confidence of persons in the country who occasionally require to make purchases here, through the agency of a reliable party, or who may be looking for a permanent agent in San Francisco. To either the advertiser offers his services, assuring all who intrust orders to him that no effort shall be spared to execute their commissions satisfactorily.

All Orders must be accompanied with the Cash or City Reference.

Those desiring information concerning the undersigned are referred to

WM. T. COLEMAN & CO., San Francisco.
J. H. COGHILL & CO., "
C. LANGLEY, Druggist, "
FLINT, PEABODY & CO., "
IRA P. RANKIN, "
ROSS, DEMPSTER & CO., "
J. ANTHONY & CO., *Union* Office, Sacramento City.
And to the Proprietor of the *Oregonian*.

N. B.—Orders for Machinery, Pianofortes, Melodeons, Sewing Machines, Watches, Jewelry, &c., will be attended to by competent judges.

L. P. FISHER,
Commission and Purchasing Agent,
629 Washington street, up stairs,
Opposite Maguire's Opera House, San Francisco.

Commercial College.
FIRST ST., opposite the Oregonian Office.

TERMS PER MONTH:

	GENTS.	LADIES.
WRITING	$6 00	[illegible]
DRAWING	6 00	[illegible]
ARITHMETIC	6 00	[illegible]
BOOK-KEEPING	5 00	

Tuition payable monthly in advance.

School hours from 2 to 4, or from 7 to 9 P. M.

Books of Account posted, and complicated accounts adjusted. Marriage and Visiting Cards marked.

oct10tf C. A. SEARS.

Blacksmithing in General.

JOHN M. MARBLE........................J. D. LETTS.

MARBLE & LETTS,
(Successors to D. C. Ingles,)

INFORM THE PUBLIC that they are now prepared to accommodate all the old customers of Mr. Ingles, and they hope many new ones who may see fit to favor them with their work, at short notice.

They will stop all work to attend to

Shoeing Horses.

Plows made to order, and always an assortment on hand, and they will give a written guarantee that they shall perform well, and in failure of which they will pay the purchase money back.

☞ Those indebted to us are requested to come and settle, as we are always ready. Come along with your cash. It is good to pay old debts, and it is good to make bargains for new work.

Yamhill street, corner of Second.
Portland, Feb. 4, 1861.

L. P. Fisher's Advertising Agency
No. 171½ Washington street, Up Stairs, Nearly Opposite Maguire's Opera House,
SAN FRANCISCO.

L. P. FISHER IS THE AUTHORIZED AGENT OF the—
Daily and Weekly Oregonian, Portland;
San Joaquin Republican, Stockton; National Democrat, Marysville; Nevada Journal; Democratic Age, Sonora; Sierra Democrat, Downieville; San Andreas Independent; Mountain Democrat, Placerville; Shasta Courier; Red Bluff Beacon; Mariposa Gazette; Yreka Union; Trinity Journal, Weaverville; Hydraulic Press, N. San Juan; Weekly Ledger, Jackson; Humboldt Times, Ureka; News, Salt Lake; Sonoma co. Journal, Petaluma; Napa Reporter; San Jose ——; Santa Cruz Sentinel; San Mateo Courier; Los Angeles News; Santa Barbara Gazette; San Bernardino Herald; Victoria Gazette, V. I.; Daily Gazette, San Francisco; Pacific (Weekly) do.; Christian Advocate, do.; Pacific Methodist, do.; Pacific Christian Advocate, Portland, Oregon; Oregon Statesman, Salem, Oregon; Union, Corvallis, Oregon; Pioneer and Democrat, Olympia, W. T.; Puget Sound Herald, Steilacoom, W. T.; Gleaner, Jewish Organ do.; L'Union, (French Weekly, do.; Hutchings's Register; Polynesian, Honolulu, S. Island; Pacific Commercial Advertiser, S. Island. Also advertising in the Atlantic States.

PAINTER & CO.,
PRACTICAL PRINTERS, AND DEALERS IN
Type, Presses, Printing Materials,
Ink, Paper, Cards, &c.,
510 Clay Street, above Sansome,
SAN FRANCISCO.

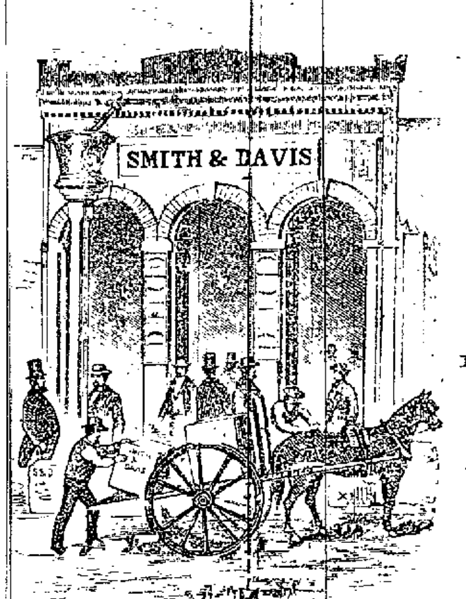
J. B. PAINTER }
J. M. PAINTER } CO. Offices fitted out with dispatch. dawly
T. P. PAINTER }

Removal.

JOHN R. FOSTER has removed his stock of HARDWARE to his

Old Stand on Front street,
opposite the New Wharf Oregon Steam Navigation Co.

SMITH & DAVIS,
Front Street, Portland, Oregon,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS



DEALERS IN
PAINTS,
OILS,
VARNISHES,
Artist's
AND
PAINTERS'
Tools.

AGENTS
IN THE
STATE
FOR
ALL THE
Principal
PATENT
MEDICINES,
&c., &c.

ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING BY DIRECT IMPORTATION FROM THE EASTERN STATES, LARGE AND desirable additions to their already EXTENSIVE STOCK, which is among one of

The Largest on the Pacific Coast,

and being purchased for cash at the East, we are enabled to offer goods in our line at as FAVORABLE RATES as can be obtained in San Francisco. We would direct public attention to this FACT, which an examination of Stock and prices will prove.

JUST ARRIVED!

A FRESH LOT OF
CAMPHENE,
KEROSENE,
LARD OIL,
COAL OIL LAMPS,
CHINA NUT OIL,
BURNING FLUID,
SPERM OIL,
POLAR OIL,
ALCOHOL,
MACHINERY OIL.

And several Invoices of
FRESH CHEMICALS BY EXPRESS FROM NEW YORK,
and PHILADELPHIA, &c., &c.
july[illegible]

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY'S
Private Medical & Surgical Institute,
SACRAMENTO STREET, BELOW MONTGOMERY,
Opposite Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, San Francisco.

ESTABLISHED IN 1854 FOR THE PERMANENT cure of all Chronic and Private Diseases, and the SUPPRESSION OF QUACKERY. Attending and Resident Physician, L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D., Late in the Hungarian Revolutionary War; Chief Physician to the 20th Regiment of Honveds; Chief Surgeon to the Military Hospital of Pesth, Hungary; the late Lecturer on Diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs and Diseases of Women and Children, and Honorary Member of the Philadelphia College of Medicine.

☞ Particular attention paid to the treatment of diseases peculiar to Women and Children.

OFFICE HOURS—From 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

☞ Communications strictly confidential. Permanent cure guaranteed, or no pay. Consultations, by letter or otherwise, FREE.

Address, DR. L. J. CZAPKAY, San Francisco.

Of all diseases, the first great cause,
Springs from neglect of Nature's laws.

To the Afflicted:

Suffer not when a cure is guaranteed in all stages of secret disease—Self-Abuse, Nervous Debility, Syphilis in all its stages, Strictures, Gleet, Gravel, Diabetes, diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Mercurial Rheumatism, Scrofula, Pains in the Bones and Ankles, diseases of the Lungs, Throat, Nose and Eyes, Ulcers upon the Body or Limbs, Cancers, Dropsy, Epileptic Fits, St. Vitus Dance—and all diseases arising from a derangement of the sexual organs—such as Nervous Trembling, Loss of Memory, Loss of Power, General Weakness, Dimness of Vision, with peculiar spots appearing before the eyes, Loss of Sight, Wakefulness, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Eruptions upon the Face, Pains in the Back and Head, Female Irregularities—and all improper discharges of both sexes. It matters not from what cause the disease originated, however long standing or obstinate the case, recovery is certain, and in a shorter time than a permanent cure can be effected by any other treatment, even after the disease has baffled the skill of eminent physicians, and resisted all their means of cure. The medicines prescribed are pleasant, without odor, entirely vegetable, causing no sickness, and free from mercury or balsam. During fifteen years of practice in Europe, the Atlantic States and California, I have rescued from the jaws of death many thousands, who, in the last stages of the above-mentioned diseases, had been given up to die by their physicians, which warrants me in promising to the afflicted, who may place themselves under my care, a speedy and permanent cure. Private diseases are the greatest enemies to health, as they are the first cause of consumption, scrofula, and many other diseases, and should be a terror to the human family. A permanent cure is scarcely ever effected—a majority of cases falling into the hands of incompetent persons, who not only fail to cure the disease, but ruin the constitution, filling the system with mercury, which, with the disease, hastens the sufferer into a rapid consumption. But should the disease and the treatment not cause death speedily, and the victim marries, the disease is entailed upon the children, who are born with feeble constitutions, and the current of life corrupted by a virus which betrays itself in scrofula, tetter, ulcers, eruptions and other affections of the skin, eyes, throat and lungs, entailing upon them a brief existence of suffering, and consigning them to an early grave.

Self-abuse is another formidable enemy to health, for nothing else in the dread catalogue of human diseases causes so destructive a drain upon the system—drawing its thousands of victims through a few years of suffering down to an untimely grave. It destroys the nervous system, rapidly wastes away the energies of life, causes mental derangement, prevents the proper development of the system, disqualifies for marriage, society, business, and all earthly happiness, and leaves the sufferer wrecked in body and mind, predisposed to consumption and a train of evils more to be dreaded than death itself. With the fullest confidence I assure the unfortunate victims of self-abuse that a permanent and speedy cure can be effected, and with the abandonment of ruinous practices, my patients can be restored to robust, vigorous health.

Irregularities and all diseases of males and females, treated on principles established by fifteen years of practice and sanctioned by thousands of the most remarkable cures. — Medicines, with full directions, sent to any part of the State, Oregon, and Washington Territory by patients communicating their symptoms by letter.

All business correspondence strictly confidential. Address DR. L. J. CZAPKAY, Medical Institute, Sacramento street, below Montgomery, opposite Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s Office, San Francisco.

Remarkable Instance of Medical Relief

Below we publish the certificates of three of the sufferers from the pangs of disease, who, having recovered their former health and impelled by gratitude, make known their cases and remedial agent, and their statements are authenticated by a Notary Public. The [illegible] [illegible] their publicity, and we commend their perusal to the attention of all afflicted:

Certificate.—The undersigned, desirous of acquainting those who have been unfortunate enough to be similarly afflicted where a permanent relief of their sufferings may be obtained, feels it his duty to thus publicly express his most sincere gratitude to Dr. L. J. Czapkay for the permanent recovery of his health. Borne down by the distressing symptoms incident to the vicious practices of uncontrollable passion in youth, oppressed in body and mind, unable to perform even the most trifling duty imposed upon [illegible] ordinary avocations of life, I sought the advice of many physicians, who at first regarded my disease as of trifling importance—but, alas! after a few weeks, and in several instances, months, of their treatment, I found, to my unspeakable horror, that instead of relief, my symptoms became more alarming in their torture, and being told by some, my disease being principally confined to the brain, medicine would be of little consequence, I despaired of ever regaining my health, strength, and energy; and as a last resort, with but a faint hope, called upon Dr. Czapkay, who, on examining my case, prescribed some medicine which almost instantly relieved me of the dull pain and dizziness in my head. Encouraged by the result, I resolved to place myself immediately under his care, and by a strict obedience to his directions and advice, my head became clear, my ideas collected, the constant pain in my back and groins, the weakness of my limbs, the nervous reaction of my body on the slightest alarm or excitement, the [illegible] and evil forebodings, the self-distrust and want of confidence in others, the incapability to study, and want of resolution, the frightful, exciting, and at times pleasurable dreams at night, followed by involuntary discharges, have all disappeared; and in fact, in two months after having consulted the doctor, I felt as if inspired by a new life—that life which but a short time ago I contemplated to end by my own hand. With the view to guard the unfortunate from falling into the snares of incompetent quacks, I deem it my duty to offer this testimony to the merit and skill of Dr. Czapkay, and recommend him to all who may stand in need of medical advice, being assured by my own experience, that under his care a radical and permanent cure will be effected.

B. F. FILLMORE.

State of California, County of San Francisco:
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this seventh day of April, A. D. 1858. Signed,
[L. S.] JOHN MIDDLETON, Notary Public.

MARYSVILLE, June 3d, 18[illegible]

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY, San Francisco—*Sir:* I have [illegible] last of your medicine, and do not think I shall [illegible] more, as I feel very well except that I have not [illegible] got my strength yet, but soon will with the appetite I have. It is just three weeks, you may recollect, since I called at your institute with my constitution, as I thought, [illegible] entirely, and never thought you would be able to cure me perfectly, but thought you might be able to do something to ease the pain in my back and head, and strengthen my nerves, so that I would not get excited and tremble at everything. Now that you know what I expected, you may judge of my satisfaction at my complete recovery from the symptoms and the removal of those sores and blotches on my skin, and the ulcers from my throat, and the entire [illegible] of those [illegible], which you said were principally the cause of my sickness. I can hardly tell you which is the greatest, my joy or my surprise, for except not having all my strength, I feel as well as any man can feel.

Enclosed I send you twenty dollars over your charge. I think myself cheaply cured. If you think anybody will be benefited, you may put this letter in the newspaper. I [illegible] love me gratefully yours, THOMAS HAYNE.

Thankfulness is the incentive to gratitude.

CERTIFICATE.—Prompted by an honest desire of my [illegible] I wish to lay before the public a case which deserves commendation, not only as an act of scientific skill, but of humanity also. About two years ago, I suddenly, and from causes unknown to me, was seized with a fit of epilepsy, which, owing to my inability to meet the expenses requisite upon a thorough medical treatment, and the [illegible] of which I met with on attempting it, soon became such (I was then led to believe) as to defy the skill of any physician. I was frequently, while in pursuit of my calling, thrown down to the ground, without the slightest warning, and although insensible to the agonies, I yet deplored the miseries of my life, and soon learned to look upon those who would render assistance or shelter me from danger as those who sought to prolong the existence of my [illegible]. While in this state, and having, previous to my [illegible] tasted the sweets of life, I once more was induced to attempt seeking aid of a physician, and, by recommendation, called upon Dr. L. J. Czapkay. I told him of my circumstances and of my inability to reward him for his services, in spite of which, however, he at once undertook my case, and with the blessing of God, I was once more restored to perfect health. Unable to reward him for the boon which I enjoy at present, and yet conscious of my indebtedness, I owe it as a duty to myself and all afflicted, to make the case public, in order that those in need of medical advice may find a physician in whom every confidence can be placed.

[L. S.] MEYER YABLONSKY.

State of California, county of San Francisco, ss. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of August, A. D. 18[illegible]

[L. S.] GILBERT A. GRANT, Notary Public.

Dr. L. J. CZAPKAY'S Private Medical and Surgical Institute is on Sacramento st., below Montgomery, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s Office, San Francisco. The Doctor offers free consultation, and asks no remuneration unless he effects a cure. ☞ Office hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

SPERMATORRHEA, or LOCAL WEAKNESS, nervous debility, lassitude, low spirits, weakness of the limbs and back, indisposition and incapability for labor and study, dulness of apprehension, loss of memory, aversion to society, love of solitude, timidity, self distrust, dizziness, headache, involuntary discharges, pains in the side, affections of the eye, pimples on the face, sexual or other infirmities in man, are cured by the justly celebrated physician and surgeon, Dr. L. J. Czapkay. His method of curing diseases is new (unknown to others), and hence the great success.

All consultations, by letter or otherwise, free.

Address, L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D.